



مركز إعلام حقوق الإنسان والديمقراطية «شمس»  
Human Rights & Democracy Media Center «SHAMS»

**Consultative Member of the United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)**

**Observer Member of the Standing Human Rights Committee of the Arab League**

**Monthly Monitor Report on Demolition Processes and Israeli Violations against Palestinians' Households and Facilities.**

**Within the period 1/7/2021-31/7/2021**

## **Human Rights and Democracy Media Center “SHAMS”**

**July 2021**



**Conducted by: Mohammad Najjar & Rinad Mosa**

This report was written for the purpose of monitoring violations conducted by the Israeli occupation forces against Palestinians' households and facilities, including demolitions, evictions, confiscations, and notices of such activities in the future. The report was prepared in accordance with ground observations collected by staff members and researchers of the Human Rights & Democracy Media Center "**SHAMS**" throughout the period 1/7/2021-31/7/2021 and is the outcome of relevant monitoring efforts carried out by "**SHAMS**" within the geographical scope defined as the West Bank and which includes East Jerusalem.



## **-The General July Survey**

Throughout July of 2021, “SHAMS” Center has monitored the targeting of **(83)** Palestinian-owned facilities by the Israeli occupation forces, either in the form of demolition, confiscation, eviction, or distribution of notices that announced similar practices in the future.

The most prominent violations came in the form of demolitions, which took place in the case of (61) facilities. Out of those, the owners of (15) facilities were forced to self-demolish their own properties as they were threatened with fines and jail-time. Additionally, the occupation forces seized and assumed control of one facility: a trailer-park used as a medical and psychological clinic that served the needs of 1200 people in the remote area of Zwaidain, located to the east of Yatta in the Hebron Governorate

Regarding demolition notices, the occupation forces notified **(21)** facilities of future demolitions or confiscations. The majority of those facilities were housing units as well as other agricultural facilities, cattle barns, and a cemetery.

### **- Distribution of facilities based on their type**

The targeted facilities, whether by demolition, confiscation, eviction, or notices of future practices, are distributed as follows:

**Table (1): Targeted facilities based on their types:**

<b>Type of facility</b>	<b>Number</b>
<b>Households</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>Tent Housing Units</b>	<b>1</b>

<b>Tin residential units</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Housing units and facilities in Bedouin communities</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Residential rooms</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Agricultural rooms</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Wells, pools, and water installments</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Agricultural facilities</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Commercial facilities</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Storehouses</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Retaining and regular walls</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Hores stables</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Cattle barns/farmhouses</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Schools</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Car-wash</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Mobile trailer park (used as a medical facility)</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Cemeteries</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Mobile bathroom units</b>	<b>1</b>

<b>Total</b>	<b>83</b>
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**- The distribution of facilities targeted with demolition based on their location with respect to the governorates.**

When it comes to the geographical distribution of the demolitions in accordance with the regional indicator, the majority of the targets were in the Jerusalem Governorate where (23) facilities have been demolished. The Tubas Governorate, where (13) facilities have been demolished, came in second place, followed by the Hebron and Ramallah Governorates, where (8) facilities have been demolished in each. The facilities referenced here include any of the types mentioned in table (1), and “SHAMS” Center has monitored demolitions with respect to the governorates in which they have occurred as follows:

**Table (2): The distribution of facilities targeted with demolition based on their location with respect to the governorates:**

<b>Governorate</b>	<b>Number of demolished facilities</b>
<b>Jerusalem</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>Tubas</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>Hebron</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Ramallah</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Salfeet</b>	<b>5</b>

<b>Bethlehem</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Nablus</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>61</b>

**- Distribution of facilities targeted with notices based on their location with respect to the governorates.**

Regarding notices that notify residents of demolitions, confiscations, evictions, orders to suspend construction activities and other practices that deprive Palestinians of their right to build and invest in their facilities, **(21)** cases have been recorded in different areas. These notices point to the future concentrated trends of the Israeli violations against Palestinians. The governorates of Jerusalem and Hebron were the two areas where that largest number of cases was documented as the table shows:

**Table (3): Distribution of facilities targeted with notices based on their location with respect to the governorates**

<b>Governorate</b>	<b>Number of notified facilities</b>
<b>Jerusalem</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>Hebron</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Qalqilya</b>	<b>3</b>

<b>Total</b>	<b>21</b>
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### **- Targeted Population**

Since the violations against Palestinian facilities do not take place in isolation of the population, the number of targeted residents throughout June was (92) individuals at the least including (5) children according to the available data.

### **- Pretexts for the violations**

Surveying the pretexts employed by "Israel," the occupying power, in an attempt to legitimize its crimes, we find that (48) demolished facilities out of this month's total of (61) demolitions were demolished under the pretext of unauthorized construction in areas (C), which are under Israeli control and yet populated by Palestinians. (12) facilities were demolished under the pretext of their presence in military training zones or firing zones (the areas are designated as such shortly before the demolition takes place). One facility was demolished as a part of the occupation's collective punishment policy it follows against people who conduct operations against it. The facility is the house settled by the family of prisoner Muntasir Shalabi, whom the occupation accuses of having conducting a drive-by shooting at the Ze'tara Checkpoint that resulted in the murder of a settler and the injury of another.

A large occupation army force accompanied by a military bulldozer invaded Shalabi's hometown of Turmus Ayya at dawn, circled the house, then forced residents in nearby houses to evacuate their homes in preparation for the explosion. The force then proceeded to drill the house in various parts and planted it heavily with explosives. Later, the entire house was blown up and destroyed completely.

As for delivered demolition notices, all (21) facilities received notices under the pretext of their presence in areas (C) or due to unauthorized construction.



As for the facility that has been confiscated under the pretext of the lack of a permit, The occupation forces confiscated in the Zwaitain region, located to the east of the town of Yatta, a trailer-park used as a medical and psychological clinic that served the needs of 1200 people in that remote area.

### **- Self-demolition**

Self-demolition represents a particular type of systemic and concentrated subjugation. Palestinian residents (mostly in Jerusalem, but also in other areas) are often forced to demolish their own homes and facilities under the threat of hefty fines. If they refuse to do so, they are over-charged with the costs of the demolition of their very own facilities. This practice noticeably displays the alignment of all the components of the racist Israeli establishment: courts, local bodies, the police and army forces. It also is a crime the victims of which are forced into committing against themselves.

Throughout July, the number of facilities whose owners were forced to self-demolish under the pretext of unauthorized construction was (15) out of (61) that were demolished overall. These facilities were (13) homes and (1) residential room in the Jerusalem Governorate as well as a house in the city of Beit Jala in the Bethlehem Governorate, all under the pretext of unauthorized construction.

The occupation forces coerced the citizen Izzat Khalil Zyada into self-demolishing his apartment in the village of Beit Safafa under the pretext of unauthorized construction. He had been warned that if the demolition processes were to be carried out by the occupation forces themselves, he'd have to pay hefty fines. In another case, the citizen Naser Ahmad Ramadan self-demolished a room and a balcony in his house in the Al-Jabal region of the town of Beit Safafa in southern East Jerusalem executing a decision issued by the Jerusalem Municipality, which ordered him to carry out the demolition under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Ramadan stated that he added the room and the balcony to his small house in 2011 to create space for his 5-member family (including 3 children the oldest of whom is 17 and the youngest of whom is 10) who had been up until that point confined to 2 small rooms and accompanying facilities.

The occupation forces coerced in the Sheikh Jarrah neighborhood in the city of Jerusalem the citizen Ayman Badr Abu Ad-Dawla into self-demolishing his 40-m<sup>2</sup> home (the second floor of a building), built out of re-enforced iron and gypsum, under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Abu Ad-Dawla had been warned on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition were to be carried out by the forces themselves.

In Al-Isawiya, the forces also coerced citizen Muhammad Adnan Darwish into self-demolishing his still-under-construction home under the pretext of unauthorized construction after similarly warning him on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition were to be carried out by the forces.

Also in Jerusalem, the occupation forces coerced in the Wadi Qaddoum region in Jerusalem's Silwan neighborhood the citizen Muhammad Nassar Al-Huseini into self-demolishing his own house under the pretext of unauthorized construction after warning him on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition were to be carried out by the forces themselves. Al-Huseini stated that his 124-m<sup>2</sup> house was divided into 3 parts: a part for his mother and father (who had died 3 months prior), a part for his sister, and a 3rd part for himself and his 7-member family (including 2 children).

In Occupied East Jerusalem's At-Tur neighborhood, the citizen Ahmad Yousef Abu Ghannam demolished his own house/building due to a decision issued by the occupation municipality that ordered the demolition under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Abu Ghannam stated that his building was comprised of 2 floors and contained 3 occupied apartments and a 4<sup>th</sup> under construction, with a total area of 300 m<sup>2</sup>. He added that he finished the building in 2013 and settled in it back then with his family, his brother Muhammad's family, and his sister's Amna's family. These families all contain 21 members. The occupation forces also coerced in the At-Tur neighborhood the citizen Muhammad Ameen Abu Al-Hawa into self-demolishing his apartment under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Abu Al-Hawa had been warned on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition process were to be carried out by the forces themselves.

In the same neighborhood, citizen Suhaib Ad-Dajani was also coerced into self-demolishing a home he owned under the pretext of unauthorized construction. The home is comprised of three 200-m<sup>2</sup> apartments and used to be occupied by Ad-Dajani and 2 of his brothers. The occupation forces had warned Ad-Dajani on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition process were to be carried out by the forces themselves.

The occupation forces coerced in the Jabal Al-Mukaber neighborhood in the city of Jerusalem the citizen Jamal Ajaj into self-demolishing his house under the pretext of unauthorized construction after warning him on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the forces themselves had to demolish the house. Citizen Ali Khalil Shqeirat was also forced to self-demolish his 70-m<sup>2</sup> house where he lived with his wife under the pretext of unauthorized construction. He did so to avoid the payment of massive fines, which he would have done had the demolition been carried out by the occupation forces themselves.

The occupation forces coerced in an area located near the Apartheid Wall and the Gilo Settlement (constructed on the lands of Beit Jala) the citizen Izzat Khalil Isa Zyada into self-demolishing his home under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Zyada had been warned on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition were to be carried out by the forces themselves.

**Appendix: detailed table of violations against Palestinians' facilities throughout July 2021**

Number	Description of the violation	Date	Location of the violation	Individuals/parties whose right/s were violated
1	The occupation forces delivered notices that ordered the suspension of construction of agricultural facilities in the Im Al-Jamal Region in the Northern Jordan Valley. The facilities are owned by citizens Adel Muhammad Elayyan Awadh, Suleiman Muhammad Ka'abna, Hamad Elayyan Awadh, and Fatima Nassar Suleiman Ka'abna	29/7/2021	Im Al-Jamal Region, Tubas Governorate	Citizens Adel Muhammad Elayyan Awadh, Suleiman Muhammad Ka'abna, Hamad Elayyan Awadh, and Fatima Nassar Suleiman Ka'abna
2	The occupation forces coerced in the At-Tour neighborhood in the city of Jerusalem the citizen Suhaib Ad-Dajani into self-demolishing a home he owned under the pretext of unauthorized construction. The home is comprised of three 200-m <sup>2</sup> apartments and used to be occupied by Ad-Dajani and 2 of his brothers. The occupation forces had warned Ad-Dajani on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the	29/7/2021	At-Tour neighborhood, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Suhaib Ad-Dajani

	demolition process were to be carried out by the forces themselves.			
3	The occupation forces handed in the Khalat Al-Dhab' region to the east of the city of Yatta in the Hebron Governorate the citizen Jaber Muhammad Debabsa a demolition notice. The forces intend to demolish a 70-m <sup>3</sup> water well he had built and is currently finalizing under the pretext of working without obtaining prior permission	28/7/2021	Khalat Al-Dhab' region, Yatta, Hebron Governorate	Citizen Jaber Muhammad Debabsa
4	The occupation forces demolished two rooms owned by the Jerusalemite Abu Nidhal Abu Isbaitan (70 years old) in the city of Jerusalem's At-Tur neighborhood under the pretext of authorized construction	28/7/2021	At-Tur neighborhood, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Abu Nidhal Abu Isbaitan
5	The occupation forces demolished in Jerusalem's At-Tur neighborhood a horse stable and the wall surrounding it under the pretext of unauthorized construction. The facility was owned by the citizen Sidqi Imad Az-Za'tari	28/7/2021	At-Tur neighborhood, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Sidqi Imad Az-Za'tari

6	The occupation forces coerced in the At-Tour neighborhood in the city of Jerusalem the citizen Muhammad Ameen Abu Al-Hawa into self-demolishing his apartment under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Abu Al-Hawa had been warned on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition process were to be carried out by the forces themselves.	27/7/2021	At-Tur neighborhood, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Muhammad Ameen Abu Al-Hawa
7	The occupation forces coerced in the Jabal Al-Mukaber neighborhood in the city of Jerusalem the citizen Ali Khalil Shqeirat into self-demolishing his 70-m <sup>2</sup> house where he lived with his wife under the pretext of unauthorized construction. He had been warned on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition were to be carried out by the forces themselves.	25/7/2021	Jabal Al-Mukaber neighborhood, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Ali Khalil Shqeirat
8	The citizen Naser Ahmad Ramadan self-demolished a room and a balcony in his house in the Al-Jabal region of the town of Beit Safafa in southern East Jerusalem	24/7/2021	The town of Beit Safafa,	Citizen Naser Ahmad Ramadan

	<p>executing a decision issued by the Jerusalem Municipality, which ordered him to carry out the demolition under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Ramadan stated that he added the room and the balcony to his small house in 2011 to create space for his 5-member family (including 3 children the oldest of whom is 17 and the youngest of whom is 10) who had been up until that point confined to 2 small rooms and accompanying facilities.</p>		Jerusalem Governorate	
9	<p>While carrying out construction work to extend Route 60, which passes near the town of Al-Khader in Bethlehem, the occupation forces demolished the largest ancient Canaanite cemetery in Palestine located in the Khallat Eid Al-Asafeer region in the southern region of the town of Al-Khader. The cemetery used to cover a 4-dunum area.</p>	15/7/2021	The town of Al-Khader, Bethlehem Governorate	-
10	<p>The occupation forces demolished in the Furush Beit Dajan village in Nablus a 500-cubic-meter rain-gathering pool used for</p>	15/7/2021	Furush Beit Dajan village,	The village council

	irrigation and drinking purposes and owned by the village council		Nablus Governorate	
11	The occupation forces demolished (for the 8 <sup>th</sup> time in a row) in the Khirbat Himsa Al-Fouqa community in the Northern Jordan Valley in the Tubas Governorate a housing tent owned by the citizen Waleed Suleiman Abu Kbash	15/7/2021	Khirbat Himsa Al-Fouqa, Tubas Governorate	Citizen Waleed Suleiman Abu Kbash
12	The occupation forces demolished in a Bedouin community near the Al- Mughayir village 7 tin-made housing units. 5 of them were used as homes and 2 were allocated for cattle and sheep. The facilities were owned by the citizens Ata-Allah Hamid Hamad, Abdullah Jaber Hamad, Abdulrahim Ata-Allah Al-Qbouni, and Abdullah Hassan Al-Qbouni	14/7/2021	A-Qboun Bedouin community, Al- Mughayir village, Ramallah and Al-Bireh Governorate	Citizens Ata-Allah Hamid Hamad, Abdullah Jaber Hamad, Abdulrahim Ata-Allah Al-Qbouni, and Abdullah Hassan Al-Qbouni
13	The occupation forces delivered in the An-Nabi Samwil village in Jerusalem demolition notices for 2 tin houses used for sheep-keeping. The facilities were owned	14/7/2021	An-Nabi Samwil village, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizens Muhammad Ayyad and Za'al Dahouk



	by the citizens Muhammad Ayyad and Za'al Dahouk			
14	The occupation forces demolished in the An-Nabi Samwil village in Jerusalem a 26-m <sup>2</sup> tin house used for sheep farming. It was owned by the citizen Ibraheem Ubaid	14/7/2021	An-Nabi Samwil village, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Ibraheem Ubaid
15	The occupation forces delivered demolition and suspension of construction notices to three citizens from the village of Azzoun Itmeh in the Qalqilya Governorate.  Citizen Muhammad Ismaeel Younis was handed a notice that ordered the suspension of construction of his home whereas citizens Muhammad Ibraheem Younis and Ahmad Abdel-Fattah Younis received demolition notices for 2 agricultural rooms they own.	13/7/2021	village of Azzoun Itmeh, Qalqilya Governorate	Citizens Muhammad Ismaeel Younis, Muhammad Ibraheem Younis, and Ahmad Abdel-Fattah Younis.
16	The occupation forces demolished in the Sha'b Al-Kharab region, located near the highway to the south of the town of Qusra a retaining wall and water-gathering well	13/7/2021	of the town of Qusra, Nablus Governorate	Citizens Thaer Adel Hasan and Wirthat Ash-Shaheed Mahmoud Za'al Odeh.

	and uprooted olive trees and grape plants owned by the citizens Thaer Adel Hasan and Wirthat Ash-Shaheed Mahmoud Za'al Odeh.			
17	The occupation forces confiscated in the Zwaidain region, located to the east of the town of Yatta, a trailer-park used as a medical and psychological clinic that served the needs of 1200 people in that remote area.	12/7/2021	The town of Yatta, Hebron Governorate	-
18	In the Wad Al-Joze region located to the east of the town of Bani Na'eem, itself located to the east of the city of Hebron, the occupation forces demolished a 30-m <sup>2</sup> agricultural room made out of bricks and tin, a 150-m <sup>3</sup> water well, and a 100-m cement wall all owned by the citizen Nader AbdelAziz Mahmoud Odeh and another 100-m wall owned by the citizen Azzam Abdel-Aziz Odeh.  Additionally, they demolished another 30-m <sup>2</sup> agricultural room made out of bricks	12/7/2021	The town of Bani Na'eem, Hebron Governorate	Citizens citizen Nader AbdelAziz Mahmoud Odeh, Azzam Abdel-Aziz Odeh, and Abdelsalam Azzam Al-Qumeiri

	and tin, a 1.5-m <sup>2</sup> tin bathroom, and a 100-m reinforced-cement wall owned by the citizen Abdelsalam Azzam Al-Qumeiri			
19	The occupation forces demolished in the Khallat Al-Warda region located near the highway that passes near the entrance of the town of Bani Na'eem a 200-meter-long, 6-meter-high retaining wall owned by the citizen Nader Jaber	12/7/2021	The town of Bani Na'eem, Hebron Governorate	Citizen Nader Jaber
20	The occupation forces coerced in an area located near the Apartheid Wall and the Gilo Settlement (constructed on the lands of Beit Jala) the citizen Izzat Khalil Isa Zyada into self-demolishing his home under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Zyada had been warned on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition were to be carried out by the forces themselves.	12/7/2021	The city of Beit Jala, Bethlehem Governorate	Citizen Izzat Khalil Isa Zyada

21	The occupation forces demolished 5 facilities (A blacksmith workshop, carpenter's workshop, car-repair shop, car-wash, and a vegetable-and-fruit store) located near the highway at a roundabout the lies to the west of the village of Hares under the pretext of unauthorized construction. The facilities were owned by the citizen Fadi Hasan Suleiman and his siblings Nadi and Saleh.	12/7/2021	The village of Hares, Salfeet Governorate	Citizens Fadi Hasan Suleiman and his siblings Nadi and Saleh.
22	The occupation forces demolished in the Marah region, located near the village of Bardala in the Northern Jordan Valley, a 250-m3 water-gathering pool used for agricultural purposes and owned by the citizen Samir Husni Sawafta under the pretext of unauthorized construction.	12/7/2021	near the village of Bardala, Tubas Governorate	Citizen Samir Husni Sawafta
23	The occupation forces coerced in the Wadi Qaddoum region in Jerusalem's Silwan neighborhood the citizen Muhammad Nassar Al-Huseini into self-demolishing his own house under the pretext of unauthorized construction after warning him on an earlier occasion that he would	12/7/2021	Wadi Qaddoum region, Silwan neighborhood, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Muhammad Nassar Al-Huseini

	<p>have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition were to be carried out by the forces themselves.</p> <p>Al-Huseini stated that his 124-m<sup>2</sup> house was divided into 3 parts: a part for his mother and father (who had died 3 months prior), a part for his sister, and a 3<sup>rd</sup> part for himself and his 7-member family (including 2 children).</p>			
24	<p>The occupation forces coerced in the Jabal Al-Mukaber neighborhood in the city of Jerusalem the citizen Jamal Ajaj into self-demolishing his house under the pretext of unauthorized construction after warning him on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition were to be carried out by the forces themselves.</p>	12/7/2021	Jabal Al-Mukaber neighborhood, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Jamal Ajaj
25	<p>The Israeli occupation forces delivered a verbal notice to citizen Naser Abu Khdair warning him that he must evacuate his home within 14 days because the occupation's municipality in the city</p>	8/7/2021	Shu'fat Camp/neighborhood, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Naser Abu Khdair

	<p>intends on demolishing the housing building where his apartment is located.</p> <p>The building is located in the Shu'fat Camp/neighborhood to the north of the Old City in the Occupied East Jerusalem and consists of 4 floors and is settled by 10 families that have 55 members in total. Abu Khdair stated that an Israeli intelligence officer called him on the phone and notified him that he must evacuate the house (registered by his wife's name Abeer Abu Khdair) because the demolition order will be implemented in 14 days.</p>			
26	<p>An Israeli occupation army force accompanied by a military vehicle and a 2<sup>nd</sup> vehicle for the Construction and Regulation Department of the Israeli Civil Administration invaded the village of Deriat to the east of the city of Yatta in the southern Hebron Governorate. An employee from the department proceeded then to hand the citizens in the village a notice (final order) to demolish a cemetery</p>	8/7/2021	The village of Deriat, Yatta, Hebron Governorate	Village's residents

	<p>which the village's residents are currently building at a near outskirts of the village.</p> <p>The cemetery contains a number of graves that have been built using re-enforced concrete. The Israeli authorities had delivered to the residents a notice that ordered the suspension of the cemetery's construction on 18/4/2021.</p> <p>Later, the same force headed to a piece of land in that same village and confiscated two excavators that were working there under the pretext of conducting work in an area C.</p>			
27	<p>The occupation forces demolished in the Khirbat Himsa Al-Fouqa community in the Northern Jordan Valley 11 housing units, accompanying facilities, and cattle barns (for the 7<sup>th</sup> time in a row) owned by 11 Bedouin families that consist of 63 members including 35 children.</p> <p>The forces confiscated all of their houses' belongings including food, mattresses, and</p>	7/7/2021	Khirbat Himsa Al-Fouqa, Tubas Governorate	All of Khirbat Himsa Al-Fouqa's residents

	<p>backpacks and left nothing behind. Then, they placed them in large military vehicles and told the residents to head to the Ein Shibli community to the east of Nablus to have these belongings returned to them. There was an attempt to forcibly place the residents in the military vehicles to be transferred from the community, but they resisted the attempt and rejected it.</p>			
28	<p>The occupation forces blew up the house of prisoner Muntasir Shalabi in the town of Turmus Ayya to the north of Ramallah.</p> <p>A large occupation army force accompanied by a military bulldozer invaded the town at dawn, circulated the house, then forced residents in nearby houses to evacuate their homes in preparation for the explosion.</p> <p>The force then proceeded to drill the house in various parts and planted it heavily with explosives. Later, the entire house was blown up and destroyed completely.</p>	7/7/2021	The town of Turmus Ayya	Prisoner Muntasir Shalabi



	<p>This incident falls under the occupation's collective punishment policy it follows against people who conduct operations against it. Prisoner Shalabi is accused of having carried out a drive-by shooting at the Za'tara checkpoint around two months ago that resulted in the murder of a settler and the injury of another.</p>			
29	<p>The occupation forces demolished in Dahiyat As-Salam in the city of Jerusalem a private school that is still under construction and owned by the citizen Saleh Alqam under the pretext of unauthorized construction.</p> <p>Clashes occurred on the scene between the forces and citizens who attempted to sabotage the demolition. Alqam stated that the school's building consisted of 3 floors, was 280 m<sup>2</sup> in area, and was set to host hundreds of students at the beginning of the new year.</p>	6/7/2021	Dahiyat As-Salam, Jerusalem	Citizen Saleh Alqam
30	<p>The citizen Ahmad Yousef Abu Ghannam demolished his own house/building in the</p>	6/7/2021	At-Tur neighborhood,	Citizen Ahmad Yousef Abu Ghannam

	<p>At-Tur neighborhood to the east of the Occupied East Jerusalem's Old City, carrying out a decision issued by the occupation municipality that ordered the demolition under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Abu Ghannam stated that his building was comprised of 2 floors and contained 3 occupied apartments and a 4<sup>th</sup> under construction, with a total area of 300 m<sup>2</sup>. He added that he finished the building in 2013 and settled in it back then with his family, his brother Muhammad's family, and his sister's Amna's family. These families all contain 21 members.</p>		<p>Jerusalem Governorate</p>	
31	<p>The occupation authorities coerced in the village of Al-Isawiya the citizen Muhammad Adnan Darwish into self-demolishing his still-under-construction home under the pretext of unauthorized construction after warning him on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition</p>	4/7/2021	<p>The village of Al-Isawiya, Jerusalem Governorate</p>	<p>Citizen Muhammad Adnan Darwish</p>

	were to be carried out by the forces themselves			
32	The occupation forces coerced in the Sheikh Jarrah neighborhood in the city of Jerusalem the citizen Ayman Badr Abu Ad-Dawla into self-demolishing his 40-m <sup>2</sup> home (the second floor of a building), built out of re-enforced iron and gypsum, under the pretext of unauthorized construction. Abu Ad-Dawla had been warned on an earlier occasion that he would have to pay extremely hefty fines if the demolition were to be carried out by the forces themselves.	1/7/2021	Sheikh Jarrah neighborhood, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Ayman Badr Abu Ad-Dawla
33	The Israeli occupation's Jerusalem Municipality's bulldozers demolished in the village of Sur Baher which is located to the south of Occupied East Jerusalem a storehouse owned by the citizen Mahmoud Khalil Al-Baseet and a 25-m <sup>2</sup> commercial tin unit owned by the citizen Hasan Fawaqa under the pretext of unauthorized construction.	1/7/2021	The village of Sur Baher, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizens Mahmoud Khalil Al-Baseet and Hasan Fawaqa

34	The occupation forces coerced the citizen Izzat Khalil Zyada into self-demolishing his apartment in the village of Beit Safafa under the pretext of unauthorized construction. He had been warned that if the demolition processes were to be carried out by the occupation forces themselves, he'd have to pay hefty fines.	1/7/2021	Beit Safafa, Jerusalem Governorate	Citizen Izzat Khalil Zyada
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